O.P.Code: 23ME0302(a) R23 H.T.No.

SIDDHARTH INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY:: PUTTUR (AUTONOMOUS)

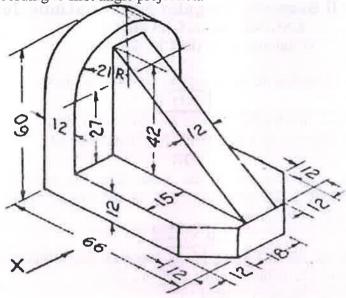
B Tech. I Year II Semester Regular Examinations July-2024 ENGINEERING GRAPHICS

(Common to CAD, CIC & CAI)

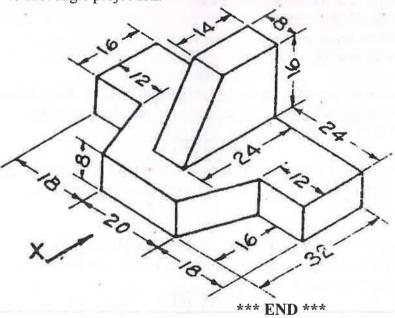
	(Common to CAD, CIC & CAI)			
Tim	ne: 3 Hours	Max.	Marl	ks: 70
	(Answer all the Questions $5 \times 14 = 70$ Marks)			
	UNIT-I			
1	a Divide a line AB=157mm into 8 equal parts by line division method.	CO ₁	L1	7M
	b Construct a regular Hexagon of base side 30mm by general method.	CO ₁	L2	7M
	OR			
2	Construct an ellipse, with distance of the focus from the directrix	CO1	L6	14M
	as 50 mm and eccentricity as 2/3. Also draw normal and tangent to the			2 11/1
	curve at a point 40 mm from the directrix.			
	UNIT-II			
3	Draw the projections of the following points, keeping the distance	CO2	L1	14M
	between the projectors as 25mm on the same reference lines.	CO2		1.4141
	A – 20mm above HP and 30mm in front of VP			
	B – 20mm above HP and 30mm behind VP			
	C – 20mm below HP and 30mm behind VP			
	D – 20mm below HP and 30mm in front of VP			
	E – On HP and 30mm in front of VP			
	F – On VP and 20mm above HP			
	G – Lying on both HP and VP			
	OR			
4	A semi circular plane of diameter 70mm has its straight edge on the VP	CO ₃	L6	14M
	and inclined at 30° to the HP .Draw the projection of the plane when its			
	surface is inclined at 45 ⁰ to VP.			
	UNIT-III			
5	A pentagonal pyramid of base edge 30mm and axis 60mm rests on an	CO ₃	L6	14M
	edge of its base in the HP. Its axis is parallel to VP and inclined at 45° to			
	the HP. Draw its projections.			
	OR			
6	Draw the projections of a hexagonal prism of base side 25mm and axis	CO ₃	L6	14M
	60mm long, when it is resting on one of its corners of the base on H.P.			
	The axis of the solid is inclined at 45° to H.P			
	UNIT-IV			
7	A hexagonal prism of side of base 30 mm and length of axis 75 mm is	CO4	L6	14M
,	resting on its base on HP. It is cut by a section plane inclined at 45° to	CO4	LU	2
	HP and passing through top corner. Draw the front and sectional top			
	views of the solid and true shape of the section.			
	OR			
8	A square pyramid of base 40 mm and axis 60 mm long, Its base lies on	CO ₄	L6	14M
_	VP with its axis parallel to HP. A cut sectional plane, 60° to VP and			A -11A
	bisect the axis. Draw the projections sectional front view and true			
	shape of the section			
	1			

UNIT-V

9 Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure CO6 L6 14M according to first angle projection.



Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according CO6 L6 14M to first angle projection.



O.P.Code: 23EE0201(a)

R23

H.T.No.

SIDDHARTH INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY:: PUTTUR (AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech I Year II Semester Regular Examinations July-2024 BASIC ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

(Common to CE, ME, CSM & CCC)

Time: 3 Hours

3

7

Max. Marks: 70

*Note: Answer PART-A from pages 2 to 20 and PART-B from 21 to 39.

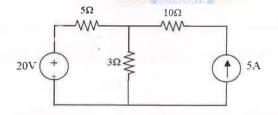
PART-A (ELECTRICAL)

(Answer all the Questions $5 \times 1 = 5 \text{ Marks}$)

- Define Impedance. **CO1** L1 1M Define Active Power. CO₁ L11MDefine Faradays law. CO₂ L1 1M **d** List any Five parts of a Transformer. CO₂ L 1M Define unit of Electrical Energy. CO₃ L1 **1M**
 - (Answer all Three Units $3 \times 10 = 30$ Marks) (ELECTRICAL)

UNIT-I

- a State and Explain the Super position theorem. 2 CO₂ **L2 5M**
 - b By using superposition theorem find the current flowing through the 3 CO2 **L4** 5M ohm resistor.



OR

a Define average value and RMS value. CO₂ L1 **5M b** Explain the Terms Apparent power and power factor. CO₃ L₂ 5M UNIT-II 4 Draw and explain the construction of dc machine. CO₂ 1.2 10M 5 Explain Working Principle of 3-Ø Induction Motor in detail. CO₁ L₂ 10M UNIT-III 6 How does a nuclear plant work? Explain with neat sketch. CO₃ L3 10M

Explain the calculation of electricity bill for domestic consumers.

10M

CO₃

L₂

PART-B(ELECTRONICS)

(Answer all the Questions $5 \times 1 = 5$ Marks)

1	f	How PN diode is formed?	CO1	L2	1M
	g	What is meant by semiconductor?	CO1	L1	1 M
	h	What is an emitter?	CO ₂	L1	1M
	i	List the names of universal gates with symbols.	CO4	L1	1M
	j	Write the names of basic logical operators.	CO4	L1	1M
		(Answer all Thr Units 3 x $10 = 30$ Marks) (ELECTRONI	(CS)		
		UNIT-IV			
8		Distinguish between PN Junction diode and Zener diode.	CO1	L3	10M
		OR			
9		With the neat sketch, Explain the operation of an NPN transistor and	CO2	L3	10 M
		PNP transistor.			
		UNIT-V			
10		Explain the Block diagram description of a dc power supply with a	CO2	L1	10M
		detailed explanation of all blocks.			
		OR			
11		What is an Amplifier? What is a Common Emitter Amplifier?	CO ₂	L1	10M
		UNIT-VI			
12	a	What is number system? explain the different types of number systems.	CO3	L2	5M
	b	Convert the (555) ₁₀ into binary, octal and Hexadecimal number systems.	CO ₃	L1	5M
		OR			
13		Explain Basic Theorems and properties of Boolean Algebra.	CO3	L1	10M

O.P.Code:23HS0810

R23

H.T.No.

SIDDHARTH INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY:: PUTTUR (AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech I Year II Semester Regular Examinations July-2024 COMMUNICATIVE ENGLISH

(Common to CSE, CSIT, EEE & ECE)

		(Common to CSE, CSIT, EEE & ECE)			
Tim	e: :	3 Hours PART-A	Max.	Mark	s: 70
		(Answer all the Questions $10 \times 2 = 20$ Marks)			
1	a	Form words using the following prefixes.	CO1	L2	2M
1	а	i. Multi	COI	LZ	2111
		ii.Pre			
	b	Form Wh-questions for the following statements.	CO1	L2	2M
	U	i. I like pink colour.	COI	LZ	2111
		ii. My native place is Hyderabad.			
	c	Where does the brook originate?	CO2	L1	2M
	d	Fill in the blanks with appropriate article. (A, An, or The)	CO2	L1	
	u	i. My sister gifted mewatch for my wedding.	COZ	LZ	2M
		iioranges I bought were very sour.			
	e	Describe Transtive and Intranstive Verbs?	CO3	L2	2M
	f	What are the three steps to be followed for effective Note-making?	CO3	L1	2M
	g	Write any two words often confused?	CO4	L1	2M
	h	Change the voice of the following sentences.	CO4	L3	2M
	-	i. Somebody has stolen my pen.	C04	LJ	2111
		ii. Mother cooks food.			
	i	What are the four types of essays?	CO5	L1	2M
	i	Write a short note on Self-esteem.	CO5	L2	2M
	J	PART-B	000	~~	
	+++ i	(Answer all Five Units $5 \times 10 = 50$ Marks)			
		UNIT-I			
2	a	How did Jim and Della prove their love for each other?	CO1	L2	5M
	b	Write a paragraph on the role of English Language in the present	CO1	L2	5M
		scenario.			
		OR			
3	a	Describe Mechanics of Writing.	CO1	L2	5M
	b	Write an appropriate sentence for the following sentence patterns.	CO1	L2	5M
		i. SV ii. SVO iii. SVA iv. SVOC v. SVIODO			
		UNIT-II			
4	a	Explain the lines 'I hubble into eddying bays,	CO ₂	L2	5M
		I babble on the pebbles.' from the poem "The Brook."			
	b	Make a list of any five cohesive devices and use them in your own	CO ₂	L3	5M
		sentences.			
		OR			
5	a	List out any five homophones with an appropriate illustration.	CO ₂	L2	5M
	b	Construct a Paragraph on the following topic in 150 words.	CO ₂	L3	5M
	*	Don't judge a book by its cover.			

		UNIT-III		ť		
6	a	Write in brief about Musk's innovations.	CO ₃	L2	5M	
Ü	b	Explain about Drawing inferences.	CO ₃	L2	5M	
		OR				
7	a	Fill in the blanks with appropriate verb forms.	CO ₃	L1	6M	
-		i. Amaravathi(be) the capital of Andhra Pradesh.				
		ii. He just(finish) his work.				
		iii. Don't disturb him. He is(do) his homework.				
		iv. The catthe snake. (catch)				
		v. The patient had(die) before the doctor (arrive)				
		vi. Ritaa mile every day. (run)				
	b	Correct the following sentences. (Common Errors)	CO ₃	L1	4M	
		i. Grandmother lost her reading glass.				
		ii. I like the Mathematics very much.				
		iii. I like the scenaries of snow world.				
		iv. Monish has given advices.				
		UNIT-IV				
8	a	You are a fresh B.Tech Student, applying for the post of a Data Analyst	CO4	L3	6M	
		in TATA group, Attibele, Karnataka . Prepare your Resume with all the				
		key skills required for the post.				
	b	Read the following sentences and convert them into indirect speech.	CO4	L2	4M	
		i. Raju told to me, "When are you leaving?"				
		ii. The teacher said to Sam, "Why are you laughing?"				
		iii. Granny said to me, "May God bless you."				
		iv. The boy said, "Let me come in."				
		OR				
9	a	Bring out the central theme of "The Toys of Peace."	CO ₄	L1	5M	
	b	Write a letter to the Municipal Commissioner to inform him/her about the	CO ₄	L2	5M	
		poor quality of roads in your locality?				
		UNIT-V				
10	a	Is decision-making influenced by positive intrapersonal communication? Expalin?	CO5	L2	5M	
	b	What are the steps involved in Oral Presentation?	CO5	L1	5M	
		OR				
11	a	Read the given passage and answer the questions.	CO5	L2	5M	
		Yoga is the ancient Indian system to keep a person fit in body and mind.				
		It is basically a system of self-treatment. According to the yogic view,				
		diseases, disorders and ailments are the results of some faulty ways of				
		living, bad habits, lack of proper knowledge and unsuitable food. The			- 1	
		diseases are thus the resultant state of a short or prolonged				
		malfunctioning of the body system. Since the root cause of disease lies in				
		the mistakes of the individual, its cure also lies in correcting the mistakes				
		by the same individual. Thus yoga relies entirely on the effort of the				
		patient to cure himself.				

The yoga expert shows only the path and works no more than as a counselor. The yogic practice of treatment comprises three steps namely proper diet, proper yogic practice and proper knowledge of things concerning the self.

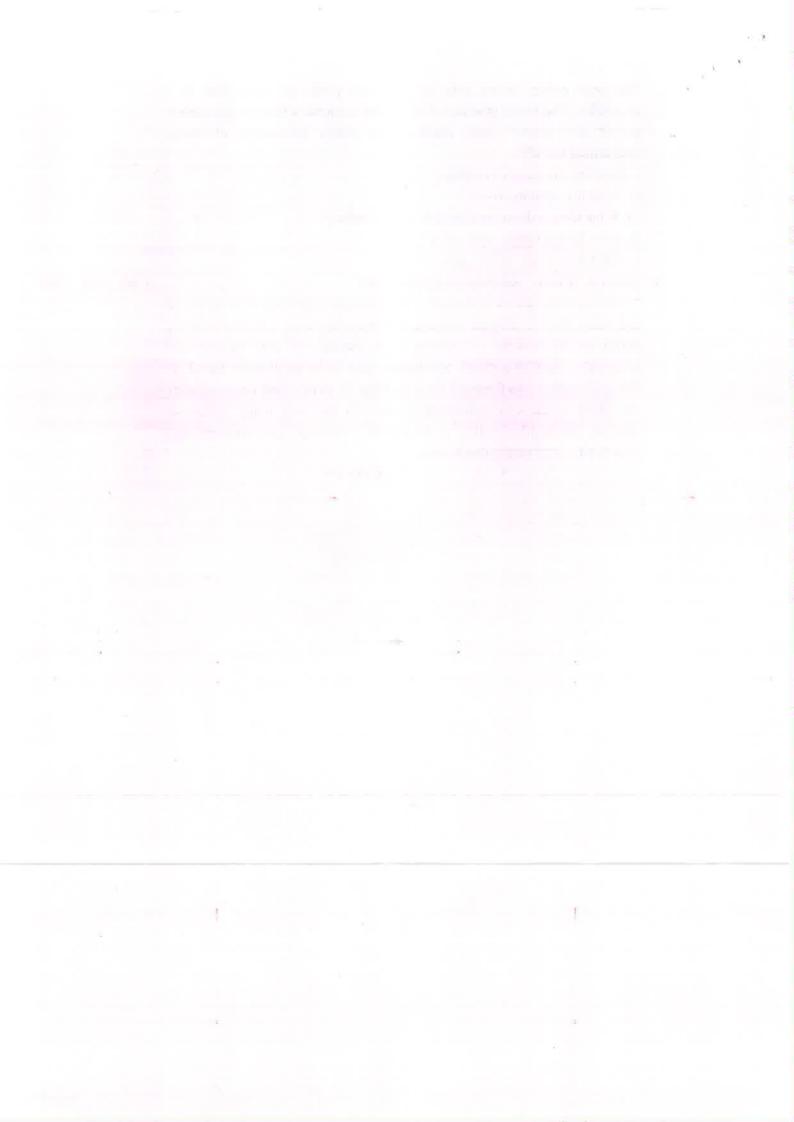
- i. What are the benefits of yoga?
- ii. Yoga is a system of-----
- iii. What causes diseases, ailments and disorders?
- iv. How does a yoga expert work?
- v. What does yoga rely on entirely?

b Simplify (Précis) the following paragraph.

CO5 L2 5M

"Artificial intelligence is becoming increasingly important in a variety of industries, from healthcare to finance to manufacturing. This is due to the ability of AI systems to analyze large amounts of data quickly and accurately, identify patterns and trends, and make predictions based on that information. As these systems continue to evolve and improve, they are likely to have a significant impact on the way many industries operate, potentially leading to increased efficiency, cost savings, and improved outcomes for consumers."





O.P.Code:23HS0801

R23

H.T.No.

SIDDHARTH INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY:: PUTTUR (AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech. I Year II Semester Regular Examinations July-2024 CHEMISTRY

		CHEMISTRY (Common to CSE, CSIT, EEE & ECE)	ing e		94
Tir	ne	3 Hours	Max.	Mar]	ks: 70
		$ \underline{PART-A} $ (Answer all the Questions 10 x 2 = 20 Marks)			
1	a	W. C. I	CO1	т о	01.5
1	b		CO1	L2	2M
			CO1	L1	2M
	C	What are Intrinsic and Extrinsic Semiconductors?	CO2	L1	2M
	d	Define Nanomaterial.	CO2	L1	2M
	e	Define Single electrode potential.	CO3	L1	2M
	f	Write the applications of Hydrogen Oxygen fuel cells.	CO4	L1	2M
	g	Give examples of Biodegradable polymers.	CO5	L1	2M
	h	Define Polymerization.	CO5	L1	2M
	i	Give any 4 examples of mobile phase.	CO6	L1	2M
	j	What is the Liquid chromatography?	CO6	L1	2M
		PART-B			
		(Answer all Five Units $5 \times 10 = 50$ Marks)			
		UNIT-I			
2		Derive equation for a particle in one dimensional box.	CO1	L3	10M
		OR			
3		Calculate the bond order of F ₂ & NO molecule and explain the magnetic	CO1	L3	10M
		properties based on MOT theory.			
		UNIT-II			i#
4	a	Explain in detail about principle and classification of semiconducting	CO2	L2	7M
	_	materials.			
	b	Summarize the important applications of Semiconductors.	CO ₂	L2	3M
		OR			
5	a	Explain the basic principle and Classifications of Super Capacitors.	CO ₂	L2 ,	6M
	b	Discuss applications of Super Capacitors.	CO ₂	L2	4M
ā		UNIT-III			
6		Discuss the titration curves obtained in the following Acid - Base	CO3	L3	10M
		Conductometric titrations.			
		a) Weak acid with weak baseb) Strong acid with strong base.			装

α	
	⋖

7	a	Define Fuel cell? Describe the Construction and Working principle and	CO4	L2	6M
		uses of Polymer electrolyte membrane fuel cell.			
	b	Discuss about potentiometric sensors with examples.	CO4	L2	4M
		UNIT-IV			
8	a	Discuss the preparation, properties and application of Buna-S rubber and	CO5	L2	6M
		Buna-N rubber.			
	b	Explain about synthesis, properties and applications of Poly Lactic Acid.	CO5	L2	4M
		OR			
9	a	Explain the preparation, properties and uses of Bakelite.	CO5	L2	5M
	b	Explain Co-ordination or Ziegler-Natta polymerization.	CO5	L2	5M
		UNIT-V			
10	a	What is meant by Chromatography? Write about principle and	CO6	L2	7M
		instrumentation of HPLC chromatography with neat diagram.			
	b	What is the use of detector in chromatographic technique and what are	CO6	L2	3M
		the different types of detectors used in HPLC technique.			
		OR			
11	a	Discuss about different components in HPLC technique.	CO6	L2	5M
	b	Explain in detail about Stretching and bending vibrations.	CO6	L2	5M
		AAA TIRTIN AAA			

O.P.Code: 23HS0840

R23

H.T.No.

SIDDHARTH INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY:: PUTTUR (AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech. I Year II Semester Regular Examinations July-2024 ENGINEERING PHYSICS

			ENGINEERING PHYSICS				
			(Common to CE, ME, CSM, CCC, CAD, CIC & CAI)	Iax. M	arks	: 70	
T	ime	: 3	Hours	20211 -11-		2	
			$\frac{\text{PART-A}}{\text{PART-A}}$				
			(Answer all the Questions $10 \times 2 = 20$ Marks)	CO1	L1	2M	
	1		Define Diffraction.	CO1	L1	2M	
		b	What is plane polarized light?	CO2	L1	2M	
		c	Define unit cell.	CO2	L3	2M	
		d	Draw the planes for given Miller indices (100) and (111) in cubic system.	CO3	L1	2M	
		e	Define dielectric polarization.	CO4	L1	2M	
		f	Define magnetic susceptibility and magnetization.	CO5	L1	2M	
		g	What is drift velocity?	CO5	L1	2M	
		h	What is Fermi energy level?	CO5	L2	2M	
		i	Write any two difference between Intrinsic and Extrinsic semiconductors.		L1	2M	
		j	What are the applications of Hall effect?	CO ₆	LI	Z:1VI	
		J	PART-B			100	
			(Answer all Five $\frac{\text{Units 5} \times 10}{\text{Units 5} \times 10} = 50 \text{ Marks}$)				
			UNIT-I				
	-		Describe the formation of Newton's ring with necessary theory with	CO ₁	L3	6 M	
	2		1t diagrams				
		1.	Explain how the wavelength of light sources is determined using	CO ₁	L2	4M	
		b					
			Newton's rings.				
			Explain the Polarization by reflection with neat sketch.	CO ₁	L2	5M	
	3	a	Illustrate the Double refraction in crystal.	CO ₁	L4	5M	
		b	UNIT-II				
			CD - i- lettings with a next sketch	CO ₂	L2	4M	
	4	a	Explain the various types of Bravais lattices with a neat sketch.		L3	6M	
		b	Define atomic packing fraction and derive it for simple cubic crystal	002			
			structure.				
			UK Lave Y-Ray diffraction	CO2	L2	7M	
	5	a	Explain how crystal structure determined by Laue X-Ray diffraction	002		9	
			method.	CO2	1.1	3M	
		b	What are the advantages of Laue X-Ray diffraction method?	002			
			UNIT-III	003	т 2	77.4	
	6	a	Discuss the frequency dependence of various polarization processes in	. CO3		7M	
	·	-	dielectric materials.			21/1	
		h	Write the causes for Dielectric loss.	CO ₃	L4	3M	
			OR	GO 4	τ.ο	53.4	
	7	a	Explain hysteresis of ferromagnetic material.	CO4		5M	
	,	b	Distinguish between soft and hard magnetic materials.	CO4	L2	5M	
		~	UNIT-IV				
	o		Derive Schrödinger's time independent wave equation.	CO5			
	8	ı	Explain the physical significance of wave function.	CO5	L2	3M	
		I.	OR				
	0		with Inited note on Fermi Dirac distribution. What is the effect of	f CO5	L1	7M	
	9	2	townserture on Fermi Dirac distribution function?				
		1	Find the probability at which there is 1% probability that a state with	a CO5	L3	3M	
		K	energy 0.5 eV is above Fermi energy.				
			energy 0.5 c v is above a simil strengt.				

UNIT-V

TU	a	Derive the expression for the conductivity of intrinsic semiconductor.	CO6	L3	7M
	b	The following data are given for an intrinsic Ge at 300K. Calculate the conductivity of the sample? $(n_i=2.4 \text{ x} 10^{-19} \text{m}^{-3})$, $\mu_e=0.39 \text{ m}^{-2}$ -V ⁻¹ S ⁻¹ ,	CO6	L3	3M
		$\mu_p = 0.19 \text{ m}^2 \cdot \text{V}^{-1} \text{ S}^{-1}$			
		OR			
11	a	Derive the expression for current generated due to drifting of charge carriers in semiconductors in the presence of electric field.	CO6	L3	5M
	h	•	000	т а	63.6
	D	Derive the expression for current generated due to diffusion of charge carriers in semiconductors in the absence of electric field.	CO6	L3	5IVI



O.P.Code: 23CE0101

R23

H.T.No.

SIDDHARTH INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY:: PUTTUR (AUTONOMOUS)

BASIC CIVIL & MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

(Common to CSE, CSIT, EEE & ECE)

*Note: Answer PART-A from pages 2 to 20 and PART-B from 21 to 39.

Tim	e:	3 Hours	Max.	Marl	ks: 70
		<u>PART-A</u> (CIVIL)			
		(Answer all the Questions $5 \times 1 = 10$ Marks)			
1	a	What is meant by surveying?	CO1	L1	1M
	b	List out various sources of water?	CO1	L1	1M
	c	Define Benchmark.	CO2	L2	1M
	d	State the functions of Air Transport.	CO3	L1	1M
	e	How impurities in water are classified?	CO3	L2	1M
		(Answer all Three Units 3 x $10 = 30$ Marks) (CIVIL)			
		UNIT-I			
2	a	Describe about Hydraulic Engineering.	CO1	L2	5M
	b	Explain in detail about Irrigation & Water Resource Engineering.	CO1	L2	5M
		OR	4		
3	a	Explain the classification, qualities and constituents of a brick.	CO1	L2	5M
	b	List out various uses of bricks in construction.	CO1	L1	5M
		UNIT-II			
4	a	Define surveying. Mention the objectives of surveying	CO2	L2	5M
	b	What are the uses of surveying?	CO2	L1	5M
		OR			
5		Briefly explain the various methods of horizontal measurement.	CO2	L2	10M
		UNIT-III			
6	a	What are the purposes for constructing a dam?	CO3	L1	5M
	b	Explain briefly about how dams are classified according to material use.	CO3	L2	5M
		OR			
7		What are the various sources of water used in water supply schemes?	CO ₃	L1	10M

PART-B(MECHANICAL)

(Answer all the Questions $5 \times 1 = 5$ Marks)

1	\mathbf{f}	Define Strength of a material.	CO1	L1	1 M
	g	What are smart materials.	CO1	L1	1 M
	h	How do you classify the heat engines?	CO ₂	L1	1M
	i	What is Hybrid Electric vehicle?	CO2	L1	1M
	j	Define the nuclear fission process.	CO3	L1	1M
		(Answer all Three Units $3 \times 10 = 30$ Marks) (MECHANIC	AL)		
		UNIT-IV			
8	a	List out various properties of the metals.	CO1	L1	5M
	b	Distinguish between ferrous and Nonferrous materials.	CO1	L4	5M
		OR			
9		Name the types of smart materials and explain them.	CO1	L2	10M
		UNIT-V			
10		Explain the working principle of casting with a neat sketch. And also	CO2	L2	10M
		mention its applications.			
		OR			
11	a	Illustrate the functions of Additive manufacturing.	CO2	L2	5M
	b	Differentiate between traditional Manufacturing and smart manufacturing	CO2	L2	5M
		UNIT-VI			
12		Draw the layout of Diesel power plant and explain.	CO3	L2	10M
		OR			
13	a	Differentiate between Belt drives, chain drives and gear drives.	CO3	L2	5M
	b	What is the need of Robots in Industry?	CO3	L1	5M

O.P.Code: 23ME0302(b) R23 H.T.No.

SIDDHARTH INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY:: PUTTUR (AUTONOMOUS)

B Tech I Year II Semester Regular Examinations July-2024 ENGINEERING GRAPHICS

	(Common to CE, ME, CSM & CCC)			
Tin	ne: 3 Hours	Max.	Marl	ks: 70
	(Answer all the Questions $5 \times 14 = 70$ Marks)			
	UNIT-I			
1	a Draw the involute of a regular pentagon of side 20 mm	CO ₁	L3	7M
	b Develop the involute of a circle of side diameter 50 mm. Draw a tangent	CO ₁	L3	7M
	and normal to the curve at a distance of 100 mm from the centre of the circle.			
	OR			
2	a Construct a scale of 1: 8 show decimeters and centimeters and to read upto 1m. Show a length of 7.6 dm on it.	CO1	L6	7M
	b Construct a diagonal scale of S.F=1/(2.5 x 106) to read upto a single	CO ₁	L6	7M
	kilometer and long enough to measure 400 km. Mark a length of 254			
	km on it.			
	UNIT-II			
3	Draw the projections of a straight line AB of 70 mm long, in the following	CO ₂	L1	14M
	positions:			
	a) parallel to both HP and VP and 20 mm from each.			
	b) Parallel to and 20 mm above the HP and on VP			
	c) Parallel to and 30 mm in front of VP and on HP			
	d) Perpendicular to HP, 30mm in front of VP & one end 25mm above HP			
	e) Perpendicular to HP, 30 mm in front of VP & one end on HP	¥		
	OR			
4	A regular hexagonal plane of 30 mm side has a corner on HP, and its surface is inclined at 450 to HP. Draw the projections, when the diagonal	CO3	L6	14M
	through the corner, which is on HP makes 300 with VP.			
	UNIT-III			
5	A pentagonal prism of base side 30 mm and axis 60mm is resting on one	CO ₃	L6	14M
	of its rectangular faces on HP, with the axis parallel to VP. Draw its projections.			
	OR			
6	A cylinder of base diameter 50mm and axis 70 mm has a generator in the VP and inclined at 450 to the HP. Draw its projections	CO3	L6	14M
	UNIT-IV			

UNIT-IV

A cube of side 40 mm is resting on HP on one of its faces, with a vertical face inclined at 300 to VP. It is cut by a section plane inclined at 450 to HP and passing through the axis at 8 mm from the top surface. Draw the projections of the solid and also show the true shape of the section.

OR

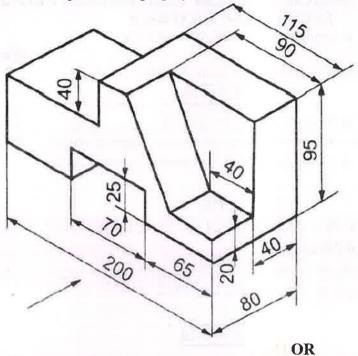
A pentagonal pyramid with edge of base 25 mm and axis 65 mm long, its base is resting on HP. It is cut by a section plane, inclined at 600 to HP and perpendicular to VP it bisects the axis. Draw the projections and obtain the true shape of the section.

14M

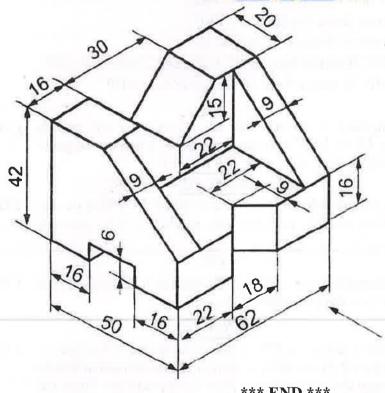
14M

UNIT-V

9 Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure CO6 L6 14M according to first angle projection.



Draw three views of the blocks shown pictorially in figure according CO6 L6 14M to first angle projection.



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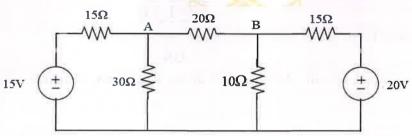
SIDDHARTH INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY:: PUTTUR (AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech I Year II Semester Regular Examinations July-2024 BASIC ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

(Common to CAD, CIC & CAI)

*Note: Answer PART-A from pages 2 to 20 and PART-B from 21 to 39.

Tim	e:	3 Hours	Max.	Mark	s: 70
		PART-A (ELECTRICAL)			
		(Answer all the Questions $5 \times 1 = 5 \text{ Marks}$)			
1	a	State ohm's law.	CO1	L1	1 M
	b	What are the passive elements?	CO ₁	L1	1M
	c	Write any three applications of a DC Motor.	CO ₂	L1	1M
	d	Which instrument is used to measure the DC quantity?	CO ₂	L1	1 M
	e	What are the Conventional Energy sources?	CO ₃	L1	1 M
		(Answer all Three Units $3 \times 10 = 30$ Marks) (ELECTRIC	CAL)		
		UNIT-I			
2	a	State and explain Kirchhoff's laws?	CO ₂	L2	5M
	b	Determine the current in branch A-B by using KVL	CO ₂	L3	5M



OR

a Define the following terms (i)Impedance, ii)Active power, iii) Reactive

	power				
	b Find the average value and RMS values of a Sinusoidal wave. UNIT-II	CO3	L4	5M	
4	Explain the Working principle of single phase transformer	CO 1	L2	10M	
	OR				
5	Explain construction and operating principle of Permanent Magnet	CO ₂	L2	10M	
	Moving Coil (PMMC) instruments.				
	UNIT-III				
6	Explain the Layout and operation of Hydel power generating station	CO3	L2	10 M	
	OR				
7	a What are the functions of electric fuse?	CO4	L1	5M	
	b What is an electric shock? How to prevent electric shock at home?	CO ₄	L1	5M	
	1				

CO₃ L₁

5M

PART-B(ELECTRONICS)

(Answer all the Questions $5 \times 1 = 5$ Marks)

		(This wor are the Questions of A 1 of Marks)				
1_	f	What are conductors?	CO ₁	L1	1M	
	g	Define biasing.	CO1	L1	1M	
	h	Define amplifier.	CO ₂	L1	1M	
	i	What are the basic properties of Boolean algebra?	CO4	L1	1M	
	j	What is hamming code?	CO3	L1	1M	
		(Answer all Three Units $3 \times 10 = 30$ Marks) (ELECTRON)	ICS)			
		UNIT-IV				
8		Explain the operation of pn junction diode under forward bias and reverse	CO5	L1	10M	
		bias conditions with the help of V-I characteristics curve.				
		OR				
9		what are the three transistor configuration? compare the characteristics of	CO ₂	L4	10M	
		three configuration.				
		UNIT-V				
10		Explain the working of a full wave bridge rectifier with a neat diagram	CO ₂	L1	10M	
		with wave forms.				
		OR				
11		Draw the block diagram of Public Addressing System and explain the	CO ₂	L3	10M	
		function of each block.				
		UNIT-VI				
12		Explain about Logic gates with symbols and truth table.	CO ₃	L1	10M	
		OR				
13		Define sequential circuit. And explain about Flip flops, registers, and	CO3	L4	10M	
		counters.				

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SIDDHARTH INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY:: PUTTUR (AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech. I Year II Semester Regular Examinations July-2024 **NETWORK ANALYSIS**

(Electronics & Communications Engineering)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

CO₅

L₁

2M

PART-A

		(Answer all the Questions $10 \times 2 = 20$ Marks)			
1	a	Define statement of Milliman's theorem.	CO ₁	L1	2M
	b	Define statement of Thevenin's theorem.	CO ₁	L1	2M
	c	Define time constant.	CO ₂	L1	2M
	d	State Final value theorem.	CO ₂	L1	2M
	e	Draw equivalent circuit of a pure inductor connected to a sinusoidal supply in frequency domain.	CO3	L2	2M
	f	Explain j operator.	CO ₃	L1	2M
	g	Define Self-inductance.	CO4	L1	2M
	h	Define Bandwidth.	CO ₄	L1	2M
	i	Draw the equivalent circuit of Z-parameters.	CO ₅	L1	2M

PART-B

(Answer all Five Units $5 \times 10 = 50$ Marks)

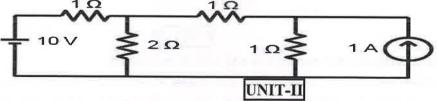
UNIT-I

Calculate the voltage & current within all the resistors by using Substitution CO1 2 10M theorem.



OR

3 Calculate the current in 2Ω resistor in the given circuit using Super position CO1 theorem.



a Derive the transient response of R-L series circuit having DC excitation.

What is the condition for Reciprocity in Z and Y parameters?

CO₂ L₂ **5M** L3

CO₂

CO₂

b The constant voltage of 100 V is applied at t = 0 to a series R-C circuit having $R=5M\Omega$, $C=20\mu F$. By assuming no initial charge to the capacitor, find current i and the voltage across R and C.

OR

- 5 a Derive the expression for current in R-C series circuit having DC excitation.
- CO₂ L₂ **5M L3**
- **b** A coil having a resistance of 100Ω and an inductance of 20 H is connected to a 200 V DC source. Suddenly, the coil is disconnected from the battery and short-circuited. Calculate the following:
 - i). The current in the coil at t = 0
 - ii). Rate of change of current at t = 0
 - iii). Time constant

5M

5M

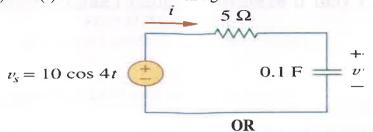
UNIT-III

a Explain phasor representation of series R L circuit.

CO₃ L₂ **5M**

b Find v(t) and i(t) in the circuit shown in figure below

CO₃ L3 **5M**



a Explain the phasor relation for R, L, C elements. 7

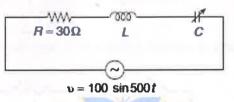
CO₃ L1 **6M** L3

4M

b A voltage of 120 V at 50 Hz is applied to a resistance, R in series with a **CO3** capacitance, C. The current drawn is 2 A, and the power loss in the resistance is 100 W. Calculate the resistance and the capacitance.

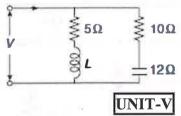
UNIT-IV

- a Derive an equation for the Q-factor of a series resonant circuit in terms of R, CO4 **5M** 8 L and C.
 - b In the R-L-C series circuit shown in Figure, resonance occurs when the **5M** value of C is 20μ F. The supply voltage is $v = 20 \sin 500 t$. Find the values of L and Q-factor.



OR

9 Calculate the value of the inductance L for which the parallel circuit shown CO4 **10M** in Figure will be in resonance at a frequency of 2000 rad/s.



10 Explain in detail about Z-parameters and ABCD parameters.

CO₅ 10M

- Explain what is the effect overall Transmission parameters when two or CO5 10M 11 more two-port networks are connected in cascade.
 - *** END ***

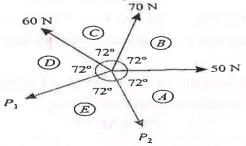
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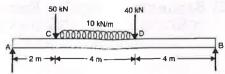
B.Tech. I Year II Semester Regular Examinations July-2024 ENGINEERING MECHANICS

			ENGINEERING MECHANICS			
		_	(Common to CE & ME)			
Ti	me:	3		Iax. Ma	rks:	70
			PART-A			
			(Answer all the Questions $10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ Marks}$)			
	1	a	List different system of Coplanar forces and give example for each.	CO1	L1	2M
		b	Explain cone of friction.	CO ₁	L2	2M
		c	State and explain Triangle Law of forces.	CO2	L1	2M
		d	State converse of the Law of Polygon of Forces.	CO ₂	L1	2M
		e	List when the product of inertia will be zero for an area.	CO ₃	L2	2M
		f	Define the terms moment of inertia and radius of gyration.	CO ₃	L1	2M
		g	Explain the terms Rectilinear and Curvilinear motion.	CO5	L2	2M
		h	What is Impulse? Write Impulse Momentum equation.	CO5	L1	2M
		i	A pulley 2 m in diameter is keyed to a shaft which makes 240 rpm. Find	CO6	L3	2M
			the linear velocity of a particle on the periphery of the pulley.			
		j	Explain plane motion with an example.	CO6	L2	2M
			PART-B			
			(Answer all Five Units $5 \times 10 = 50$ Marks)			
			UNIT-I			
	2		The following forces act at a point:	CO1	L3	10M
	_		(i) 20 N inclined at 30° towards North of East	COI	LIS	10141
			(ii) 25 N towards North			
			(iii) 30 N towards North West, and			
			(iv) 35 N towards at 40° towards South of West. Find the magnitud	e		
			and direction of the resultant force.			
			OR			
	3		A 200 N force passes through points A (10, 25, -35) and B (-20, 20, 10) CO1	Т 2	10M
	_		and is directed from A to B. Determine the Cartesian component of the	•	L3	10141
			force.	C		
			UNIT-II			
	4		Five strings are tied at a point and are pulled in all directions, equally		L3	10M
			spaced from one another as shown in Figure below. If the magnitude of			

Five strings are tied at a point and are pulled in all directions, equally CO2 L3 10M spaced from one another as shown in Figure below. If the magnitude of the pulls on threeconsecutive strings is 50 N, 70 N and 60 N respectively, find graphically themagnitude of the pulls on two other strings.

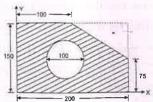


A simply supported beam of length 10 m, carries the uniformly CO2 L3 distributed load and two point loads as shown in Figure below. calculate the support reactions.



UNIT-III

Determine the coordinates x_c and y_c of the centre of a 100 mm diameter CO3 L3 10 M circular hole cut in a thin plate so that this point will be the centroid of the remaining shaded area shown in Figure below. All dimensions are in mm.



OR

7 Determine the moment of inertia of a solid sphere of radius R about CO4 L3 10M itsdiametral axis.

UNIT-IV

A projectile is aimed at a mark on the horizontal plane through the point of projection and falls 12 m short when the angle of projection is 15°, while it overshoots the mark by 24 m when the same angle is 45°. Find the angle of projection to the mark. Assume no air resistance. Take the velocity of projection constant in all cases.

OR

A stone is thrown vertically upwards with a velocity of 19.6 m/s from the top of tower 24.5 m high. Calculate: (i) time required for the stone to reach the ground (ii) velocity of the stone in its downward travel at the point in the same level as the point of projection. (iii) the maximum height to which the stone will rise in its flight.

UNIT-V

The equation for angular displacement of a body, moving in a circular path of radius 200 m is given by $\theta = 18t + 3t^2 - 2t^3$ where θ is the angular displacement at the end of t sec. Find (i) angular velocity and acceleration at start, (ii) time when the body reaches its maximum angular velocity; and (iii) maximum angular velocity of the particle.

OR

Derive the relationship between the linear motion of geometric centre CO6 L2 10M and angular motion of a wheel rolling without slipping.

*** END ***

10M

10M

10M

10M

CO₅

CO6

L4

L2

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SIDDHARTH INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY:: PUTTUR (AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech. I Year II Semester Regular Examinations July-2024 DATA STRUCTURES

		DATA STRUCTURES	1y-202	47	
Tim	ie: 3	(Common to CSE, CSIT, CSM, CIC, CAD, CCC & CAI) 3 Hours	Max. 1	Mark	:s: 70
		PART-A			
		(Answer all the Questions $10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ Marks}$)			
1	a	What is the need of data structures?	CO1	L2	2M
	b	Define ADT (Abstract Data Type).	CO1	L1	2M
	c	What are the ways of implementing linked list?	CO ₂	L1	2M
	d	How the doubly linked list can be represented?	CO2	L2	2M
	e	Give one example of a problem where backtracking algorithms are used.	CO ₃	L2	2M
	f	What are the various Operations performed on the Stack?	CO ₃	L1	2M
	g	What are the different types of queues?	CO4	L1	2M
	h	Define priority queue.	CO4	L1	2M
	i	Define trees in data structure	CO5	L1-	2M
	j	What is Binary search tree?	CO5	L1	2M
		PART-B			
		(Answer all Five Units $5 \times 10 = 50$ Marks)			
		UNIT-I			
2	a	What do you mean by Searching? Explain sequential search.	CO1	L3	5M
	b	Explain about binary search.	CO1	L2	5M
		OR			
3	a	Sort the following numbers using Bubble sort: 14,33,27,35,10.	CO1	L4	5M
	b	Explain insertion sort with an example.	CO 1	L3	5M
		UNIT-II			
4	a	Explain the operations of singly linked lists.	CO ₂	L3	5M
	b	What are the advantages of linked list?	CO ₂	L2	5M
		OR			
5	a	Explain the operations of doubly linked lists	CO2	L1	5M
	b	Explain the operations of circularly linked lists.	CO ₂	L4	5M
		UNIT-III			
6	a	Write an algorithm for converting an Infix to Postfix notation using stack.	CO3	L1	5M
	b	Convert the following Infix into Postfix expression: A+(B*C)/D.	CO3	L4	5M

7	a	What do you mean by stack overflow and stack underflow?	CO3	L4	6M	
	b	List and explain the applications of stack.	CO3	L3	4M	
		UNIT-IV				
8	a	Describe the properties of queues.	CO4	L2	6M	
	b	Illustrate the operations on queues.	CO4	L2	4M	
		OR				
9	a	Explain about scheduling	CO4	L2	5M	
	b	Discuss about Deques.	CO4	L2	5M	
		UNIT-V				
10	a	Explain the Representation of Trees in data structure	CO5	L2	5M	
	b	Write the deletion operation of Binary search tree and delete the node 55	CO5	L3	5M	
		in the above created Tree.				
		OR				
11	a	Create a C program for traversing BST.	CO5	L6	5M	
	b	Create a Binary search Tree for the following values 45, 15, 79, 90, 10,	CO5	L6	5M	
		55, 12, 20, 50 and perform Binary search Tree (BST) Traversals.				

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SIDDHARTH INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY:: PUTTUR (AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech. I Year II Semester Regular Examinations July-2024 **ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT ANALYSIS - J**

(Electrical & Electronics Engineering)

Max. Marks: 70

Time: 3 Hours

Define branch, node, mesh or loop (Answer all the Questions $10 \times 2 = 20$ Marks)

State dot rule for coupled coils. Define potential difference

CO2 CO2

2223

L2 L1 L2

52

Define self inductance

Determine the power factor of RLC series circuit with R=5 Ω , X_L =8 Ω and CO3

Write the impedance equation for series RL, RC, RLC and parallel RL, What is the resonance frequency in a series RLC Circuit RC, RLC. CO3 E

Draw the frequency response of series and parallel RLC circuits.

90

Draw the equivalent circuit of Norton's Theorem and Thevenin's C05 CO4

State superposition theorem.

CO₅

L₂

2M

Ξ

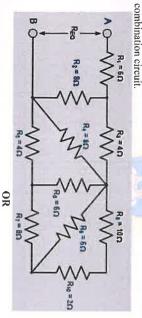
2M 2M

2M

(Answer all Five Units 5 x 10 = 50 Marks) LINU

Find the equivalent resistance, REQ for the following resistor CO1 L3

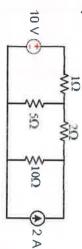
10M



Explain about Source transformation technique.

3 a Explain about Source transformation technique. CO1 b Determine all branch currents and the voltage across the 5 Ω resistor by CO1 node analysis. L2 L3

5M



UNIT-II

a Define Magneto Motive Force (MMF), Magnetic Flux density, and CO2 L2 5M

4

Derive an expression for composite magnetic circuits

C02 L3 2

Explain the concept of Series and Parallel Magnetic Circuits.

CO2

L3

5M

A coil having an inductance of 100mH is magnetically coupled to another coil having an inductance of 900mH. The coefficient of coupling between connected in (i) series aiding, (ii) series opposing, (iii) parallel aiding, and the coils is 0.45, calculate the equivalent inductance if the two coils are

UNIT-III

L2

10M

Determine the steady-state analysis for the response of a pure resistor, a derive the average power equations. pure inductor, and a pure capacitor to the sinusoidal excitations and CO3

<u>و</u>

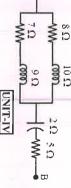
In the arrangement shown in the figure. Calculate the impedance between Determine the series RLC circuit excited by a sinusoidal source AB and the phase angle between voltage and current. Also calculate the

C04

L3

5M

total power consumed, if the applied voltage between AB is 200230°



For the circuit shown in Figure, plot the locus of the current, mark the power consumed in the circuit. Assume $X_L=25 \Omega$ and $R=50 \Omega$. The range of I for maximum and minimum values of R, and the maximum voltage is 200 V; 50 Hz. C06

L₃

5M



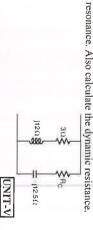
b Obtain an expression for resonant frequency in a parallel resonant circuit. C06 L₂

In the RLC network shown in figure, determine the value of RC for

C06

L

10M **M**

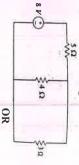


In the circuit shown, the 3Ω resistance is changed to 6Ω resistance. Using the compensation theorem find the change in current in $S\Omega$ resistance. CO5

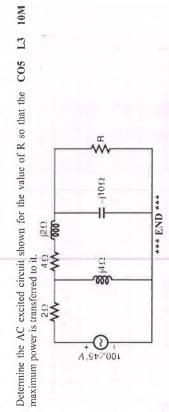
L2

10M

10



20 6



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W 6

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SIDDHARTH INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY:: PUTTUR (AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech I Year II Semester Regular Examinations July-2024 DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS & VECTOR CALCULUS

	DATERENTIAL EQUATIONS & VECTOR CALCI	ILUS	1044	
4	Time: 3 Hours (Common to All)	LUS		
		Ma	x. Ma	arks: 70
	(Answer all the Questions $10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ Marks}$)			
	1 a Find the Integrating Factor of $\frac{dy}{dx} + y = x$.		_	
	b Verify the exactness of the differential equation	CO	1 L:	3 2M
	$2xydy - (x^2 - y^2 + 1)dx = 0.$	CO	1 L	4 2M
	c Solve $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - a^2y = 0$.			
	$\frac{d}{dx^2} = u - y = 0.$	CO	2 L3	3 2M
	That is the following of L-C-R (fromt with a m to	CO	2 L1	2M
	and I arran differential equation by eliminating the arbitrary	CO		-111
	constants 'a' and 'b' from $z = ax + by + {a \choose -} - b$			2111
	Express the Lagrange's linear form of first order PDE	CO	4 12	23.5
	Find div r where $\vec{r} = x\vec{i} + y\vec{i} + z\vec{k}$	CO		
	h Define Irrotational Vector.	COS		
	i Define Line integral. i State Gauss's divergence theorem	CO		2M
	j State Gauss's divergence theorem.	CO6		2M 2M
	(Answer H.B.			2171
	(Answer all Five Units $5 \times 10 = 50$ Marks)			
2	a Solve dy			э
	a Solve $\frac{dy}{dx} + y$. $tanx = y^2 secx$	CO ₁	L3	5M
	b The temperature of a body drops from 100° C to 75° C in 10 minute when the surrounding air is 20° C. When the surroundi	es CO1	L3	5M
	and building all is ZU What will be ito tomorround	lf-	LIS	21/1
	with the temperature be 25° C?			
3	a Solve $x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = x^3 y^6$			
	$\int \frac{dx}{dx} + y = x^2 y^2$	CO1	L3	5M
	b Solve $x^2ydx - (x^3 + y^3)dy = 0$	CO1	L3-	5M
1	UNIT-II	001		JIVI
4	a Solve $(D^2 - 4D)y = e^x + \sin 3x \cdot \cos 2x$.	CO ₂	L3 =	EN #
	b Solve $(D^2 - 2D)y = e^x \sin x$ by the method of variation of parameters.	CO ₂	L3	5M 5M
5	a Solve $(D^2 - 3D + 2)y = xe^{3x} + \sin 2x$	002	113	SIVI
	b Solve $(D - 3D + 2)y = xe^{3x} + \sin 2x$	CO ₂	L3	5M
	b Solve $\frac{dx}{dt} = 3x + 2y : \frac{dy}{dt} + 5x + 3y = 0.$	CO ₂	L3	5M
_	LINET III			1.1
6	a Form the Partial Differential Equation by eliminating the arbitrary	CO2	T.C	43.6
	$\frac{1}{2}$	CO ₃	L6	4M
	b Solve $x(y-z)p + y(z-x)q = z(x-y)$	CO ₄	L3	6 M
7	a Form the Partial Different: 1 D		LJ	ONI
•	a Form the Partial Differential Equation by eliminating the constants from $\frac{x^2}{x^2} + \frac{y^2}{y^2}$	CO ₃	L6	4M
	$ZZ = \frac{1}{a^2} + \frac{1}{h^2}.$			
	b Solve $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} + 4 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y} - 5 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2} = \sin(2x + 3y)$	CO4	Τ 2 -	(34
	$\partial x^2 \qquad \partial x \partial y \qquad \partial y^2 \qquad \sin(2x + 3y)$	CO4	L3	6M

8	a	Find the directional derivative of $xyz^2 + xz$ at (1,1,1) in the direction of	CO5	L3	5M
	b	normal to the surface $3xy^2 + y = z$ at $(0,1,1)$. Prove that $curl(\emptyset \bar{f}) = (grad\emptyset) \times \bar{f} + \emptyset(curl\bar{f})$	CO5	L5	5M

OR

- 9 a Evaluate the angle between the normal to the surface $xy = z^2$ at the CO5 L5 5M points (4,1,2) and (3,3,-3).
 - b If $\bar{f} = (x + 2y + az)\vec{i} + (bx 3y z)\vec{j} + (4x + cy + 2z)\vec{k}$ is CO5 L3 5M irrotational then find the constants a, b and c.

UNIT-V

- 10 a If $\bar{F} = (x^2 + y^2)\vec{i} (2xy)\vec{j}$. Evaluate $\int_c \bar{F} \cdot d\bar{r}$ where 'C' is the CO6 L5 5M rectangle in xy-plane bounded by y = 0; y = b and x = 0; x = a.
 - b If $F = (2x^2 3z)\vec{i} 2xy\vec{j} 4x\vec{k}$ then Evaluate $\int_{v} \nabla \cdot \vec{F} \, dv$ where 'V' is CO6 L5 5M closed region bounded by x = 0; y = 0; z = 0 and 2x + 2y + z = 4.

OR

Using Gauss's divergence theorem, Evaluate $\iint_S x^3 dy dz + x^2 y dz dx + CO6$ L3 10M $x^2 z dx dy$ where 's' is the closed surface consisting of the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$ and the circular discs z = 0; z = b.

